Myroslava Rap

The Public Role of the Church in Contemporary Ukrainian Society

The Contribution of the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church to Peace and Reconciliation





Das Institut für Theologie und Frieden hat die Aufgabe, die ethischen Grundlagen menschlicher Friedensordnung zu erforschen und in den aktuellen friedenspolitischen Diskurs hineinzutragen. Mit den "Studien zur Friedensethik" wird eine friedensethische Vertiefung der außen- und sicherheitspolitischen Debatte angestrebt. Dabei geht es letztlich um die Frage: Durch welche Politik wird den heute von Gewalt, Armut und Unfreiheit bedrohten Menschen am besten geholfen und zugleich der Errichtung einer zukünftigen friedlichen internationalen Ordnung gedient, in der Sicherheit, Wahrung der Gerechtigkeit und Achtung der Menschenrechte für alle gewährleistet werden?

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Foreword

This book addresses the issue of reconciliation in the Ukrainian context from the point of view of one of the most socially active religious communities in the country, the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church. The research is very topical at least in the view of the current Ukrainian-Russian crisis. Analysing the relevant official documents of the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church on reconciliation, the author traces how this Church comes to terms with the burdened pages of Ukrainian history and their repercussions for the current struggling of Ukraine on the way to its constitutionalisation as a true modern state.

This monograph is a very new one and at the same time not completely up-to-date. The book captures the stance of Ukrainian society and the developments within the Ukrainian Churches till the end of the Revolution of Dignity. A number of important changes, defining the societal and ecclesial situation in Ukraine after March 2014, are not covered. Among them are, for instance, the escalation of the Russian-Ukrainian relations that took place after the annexation of the Crimea Peninsula, the fluctuations within the Ukrainian Orthodox Church of the Moscow Patriarchate after in August 2014 she got a new Head, a pro-Moscow Metropolitan Onufrii, or the growing alienation between Ukrainians and Russians. However, the powerful waves of changes, which rolled over Ukraine in the last year, do not make the conclusions driven in the monograph untenable. This book has to be regarded as a background to better understand the current troubles of Ukraine and the new challenges of reconciliation. For instance, having read the paragraphs on the problems of reconciliation between the Ukrainian Churches and the Moscow Patriarchate, the reader will develop a clearer picture of the current conflict between Russia and Ukraine and how it could escalate to that extent. It is also evident that not only drawing lessons from World War II, but also coming to terms with the legacy of the current Russian-Ukrainian confrontation will be a big task for the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church in the future. After the developments of 2014 the Ukrainian Churches have to reassess their role in society and their reconciliation strategies.

Obviously, this research has its limitations. I wrote this book as a Greek-Catholic. I may seem not to be critical enough with regard to my Church; however, I consider this monograph to be an important testimony

to the stance of the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church, a testimony which sometimes fails. In a context where this Church is not always granted the right to express her position or when this position is ignored or silenced (as is evident in the dialogue between the Moscow Patriarchate and the Vatican), it is important that those embedded in the Greek-Catholic tradition explain the concerns of their Church. This is what I have done in my research.

This book came into life as a PhD thesis defended in September 2014 at the faculty of Theology and Religious Studies of the Leuven Catholic University in Belgium. Many people came along and were helpful in various ways in the course of working on this research project; this is a proper place to name some of them. The first words of gratitude I owe to both my supervisors. I am grateful to Prof. Dr Johan Verstraeten for his suggestions concerning the scientific part of my project, for challenging intellectual discussions, and for giving me the chance to scoop from his boundless knowledge. My fascination with the topic of reconciliation I developed during the lectures of Prof. Verstraeten, when I was a Master student in Theology at the Leuven Catholic University in 2004-2006.

My heartfelt gratitude goes to my co-supervisor, Dr Lesia Kovalenko, for helping me learn theoretically and come in touch practically with the social dimension of the teaching and activities of the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church. It is greatly her merit that I decided to engage in the adventure of that research project. I was fortunate that Dr Kovalenko was my employer at the Institute of Religion and Society in Lviv and taught me valuable organisational and analytical skills, which were of tremendous help during the work on my research project.

The long journey of the unfolding of this research project began in the Ukrainian Catholic University in Lviv that assisted me in looking for a scholarship and trusted in my ability to successfully complete my doctoral studies in Leuven. I am grateful to the Porticus Foundation for providing the greater amount of financial assistance necessary to make possible my residence and studies in Belgium. I immensely appreciate Dr Jos Vanachter for his patient, punctual, committed, and precise way of correcting my English. My special gratefulness goes to Prof. Dr Justenhofen, one of the scientific correctors of my dissertation, for making possible the publication of this monograph. And finally, I owe thanks to my family both in Switzerland and Ukraine for their caring support and active interest in the progress of my research.

Laufenburg, AG, January 1, 2015

Myroslava Rap

List	List of abbreviations and acronyms			
List	List of diagrams			
Gen	eral Int	troduction	on	17
Cha	pter I.		ious context of Ukrainian society today – ackground to research	37
1.1	C 1			
1.3	Religious revival and the traditional Ukrainian Churches			45 50
			onal Orthodox denominations	52
			The Ukrainian Orthodox Church	52
			In the shadow of the Moscow Patriarchate	52
			Vectors of confrontations	54
		1.3.1.2	The Ukrainian Autocephalous Orthodox Church At the rampart of Orthodox autocephaly in	59
			Ukraine	59
			Vectors of confrontations	60
		1.3.1.3	The Ukrainian Orthodox Church of the Kyiv	
			Patriarchate	63
			On the way to a national Church	63
			Vectors of confrontations	65
	1.3.2	Traditio	onal Catholic denominations	69
		1.3.2.1	The Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church	69
			Survival in the Soviet underground	69
			Vectors of confrontations	71
			The Roman-Catholic Church	77
1.4	The ir	nterconfe	essional conflict in Ukraine as a conflict of	
	identities			78
	1.4.1		ues of the self-identity of the Churches	80
			Identity and Orthodox denominations	80
		1.4.1.2	The doctrine of the <i>Russkiy Mir</i>	85

	1 4 2	1.4.1.3 Identity and the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church			
1.5		Identity, nationalism, Churches	91 95		
1.3		nian post-atheism Typical features of Ukrainian post-atheism	95 95		
		Church and state in Ukraine	96		
	1.3.2	1.5.2.1 Legal basis	96		
		1.5.2.1 Legal basis 1.5.2.2 Intrusion of the state	97		
		1.5.2.3 Cooperative attitude of the Churches	100		
		1.5.2.4 The idea of a national (state) Church in Ukraine	105		
1 6	The ro	ble of the media in the interconfessional conflicts	109		
	clusion		114		
Con	Clusion				
Part	I.	The essence and challenges of reconciliation	119		
Intro	ductio	n to Part I	119		
Cha	pter II.	Who are victims? Who is guilty? Moral diagnosis of			
	•	the Ukrainian past	120		
2.1		d and Ukraine – neighbours in peace?	120		
		Together but still separated	120		
	2.1.2	Historically embedded conflicts and the Ukrainian			
		Greek-Catholic Church	125		
		Conflicts on the Cemetery of the Lviv Eaglets	126		
		The Volyn tragedy	129		
2 2	337 1	The Operation Vistula	135		
2.2		as finished – war continues	138		
		Plurality of war memories	138		
	2.2.2	The Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church: reinterpreting	142		
2.3	Divid	the established image of war	142		
2.3	Divided Church – divided nation The wound of division				
	The sin of pride				
		ion of the state	146 147		
		Inion of Brest and the Church division	149		
		to the Soviet methods of struggle	150		
2.4		ult northern neighbour	151		
۷.٦	2.4.1		151		
	∠. 1.1	Contesting issues	151		
		Reconciliation between Ukraine and Russia	154		
		Legalisation and property conflicts	155		
		Moscow and the Lviv Pseudo-Synod	157		

		The Russian Orthodox Church as a victim	159
		Current coexistence	162
	2.4.2	Reconciliation between nations through reconciliation	
		between Churches?	163
2.5	Strugg	gle between two Ukraines	170
	2.5.1	History, identity, language	170
		History and identity	170
		The answer of the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church	174
		Language	177
	2.5.2	The trauma of the Holodomor	179
Cha	pter III	. Understanding of reconciliation	184
3.1		Jkrainian Greek-Catholic Church: reconciliation as the	
		ial regeneration of the person	184
		John Paul II as the advocate of reconciliation in Ukraine	184
		The Greek-Catholic tradition of reconciliation	188
	3.1.3		192
		The heart as the core of the human person	192
		Where the changes are born	194
		Reconciliation with the help of God	197
		Reconciliation as a Christian obligation	200
	3.1.6	Reconciliation as a spiritual testament and legacy of	202
2.2	D 1	martyrs	202
3.2		t Schreiter: reconciliation as a healing	206
		Horizontal and vertical dimensions of reconciliation	207
	3.2.2	Practical theology of reconciliation	210
		Principle 1. "God is the author of reconciliation"	210
		Principle 2. "God begins with victims"	211
		Principle 3. "God makes of the victim and the wrongdoer	211
		a 'new creation'	211
		Principle 4. Place the suffering of the victim in the story	212
		of the suffering of Christ	212
	2 2 2	Principle 5. Eschatological completion of reconciliation "Program in the program of the program	214 215
		"Reconciliation is more a spirituality than a strategy" Reconciliation as a metanoia	213
2 2		lav Volf: Reconciliation as embrace	217
3.3 3.4		Paul Lederach: reconciliation as the restoration of the	218
3.4		of community	222
Cha	pter IV	. Elements of reconciliation	228
	-	e demands for renentance	228

	4.1.1	The Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church: repentance as	
		the individual conversion of the heart	228
	4.1.2	Miroslav Volf: "To repent of what perpetrators do to our	
		soul"	231
4.2	On th	e path to forgiveness	234
	4.2.1	The Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church: "We forgive and	
		ask for forgiveness"	234
	4.2.2	Miroslav Volf: the centrality of forgiveness	243
		4.2.2.1 Forgiveness as a gift and an obligation	243
		4.2.2.2 The dynamics of forgiveness	245
		4.2.2.3 Making space for the other	248
	4.2.3	Robert Schreiter: forgiveness as a grace to attend to the	
		moral failures of the past	250
4.3	On th	e challenges of justice	252
	4.3.1	The Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church: on the deficit of	
		justice	252
		Which justice?	252
		Bringing about changes in Ukrainian society	257
		Some incitements for discussion	263
	4.3.2	John Paul Lederach: conflicts originate from the lack of	
		social justice	269
	4.3.3	Robert Schreiter: overcoming structural injustices –	
		soothing social tensions – advancing reconciliation	270
	4.3.4		273
~		D. I.	2=0
Con	clusior	n to Part I	278
Part	П	Memory and practical steps to reconciliation and	
ı uı	. 11.	Christian unity	281
		Christian unity	201
Intro	oductio	on to Part II	281
Cha	pter V.	Healing of the burdened memory	283
5.1	The I	Jkrainian Greek-Catholic Church: on history and memory	283
0.1	5.1.1		283
	5.1.2	·	286
	5.1.3	The purification of memory	289
	٥.1.٦	The individual examination of the conscience	290
		Learning the truth about the past	292
		Drawing lessons from the past	294
	514	The healing of memory: main issues	296

	5.1	1.4.1	Polish-Ukrainian reconciliation	296
			Reconciliation through prayer	296
			What unites both nations	299
			"The past through the prism of Christianity"	301
	5.1		Healing the memories of World War II	305
			Teaching: redefining victory in moral terms	305
			What others say	311
			The actions	315
	5.1	1.4.3	Reconciliation with the Russian Orthodox Church	317
			Recognition of historical faults	317
			Destruction of Orthodox dioceses in western	
			Ukraine	322
			The struggle for the patriarchal status of the	
			Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church	324
			When will the Patriarchs meet?	327
	5.1	1.4.4	The missing memory of Jews	331
			Tony Judt. Why the memory of Jews is absent	
			in Ukraine: the point of view of a historian	331
			Omer Bartov. The guilt of Ukrainians from the	
			point of view of a Jew	336
			Myroslav Marynovych. Jewish-Ukrainian	
			reconciliation from the point of view of a	
			Greek-Catholic	339
			The controversy on Metropolitan Andrei	
			Sheptytskyi	344
			The Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church on the	
			Jewish-Ukrainian relations	350
5.2	Robert So	chreite	er: on the moral truth of the past	356
	5.2.1 So	cial h	ealing of memories	356
			ring the moral truth of the past	360
5.3			how to treat the burdened memory	362
	5.3.1 Ru	iles of	Salutary remembering	362
			into oblivion	372
Chap			value of spiritual unity or how to promote	
	r	econc	iliation	374
6.1	The Hire	inion	Grank Catholia Church: how animityal unity may	
0.1			Greek-Catholic Church: how spiritual unity may transformation	374
			ainian reconciliation for the transformation of the	3/4
			annan reconcination for the transformation of the	374
		untry	liation between the Churches – spiritual	4/ د
			on of Ukraine	379
	un	mcatt	OH OF ORIGING	217

		6.1.2.1	The ecumenical significance of the Patriarchate	
			of the Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church	381
		6.1.2.2	The united Kyivan Church	385
			"Holiness of united people of God"	385
			The inclusive Ukrainian/Kyivan Patriarchate	387
			Not uniatism but communion	390
			Practical project of communion	395
			Unity in diversity	396
		6.1.2.3	Practical steps towards Church unity in Ukraine	398
		6.1.2.4	Unity of the Church – unity of the nation	402
6.2	John 1	Paul Led	erach: on moral imagination or how to promote	
	social	changes		409
	6.2.1	The dyr	namics of moral imagination	409
	6.2.2	The val	ue of relationships	411
		6.2.2.1	Feeling connected	411
		6.2.2.2	The qualities of web-making	416
			Language, narratives	418
		6.2.2.4	Building the platforms of cooperation	420
	6.2.3		e of the Church in reconciliation: educate,	
		empowe	er, sanctify	422
6.3	Robei	Robert Schreiter: how to reach reconciliation		
	6.3.1			
		reconcil		426
	6.3.2	Rituals	and sacraments in the service of reconciliation	428
Con	clusior	n to Part	II	431
Gen	eral co	nclusion		
			approach to reconciliation: The reappraisal	433
יו: ח	ı• ·	1.		449
RIDI	Bibliography 4			

List of abbreviations and acronyms

Gulag Glavnoye upravlyeniye ispravityelno-trudovykh lagyerey i koloniy,

the Main Administration of Corrective Labour Camps and Labour

Settlements in the USSR

KGB Komityet gosudarstvyennoy byezopasnosti, the Committee for State

Security of the USSR

OUN-UPA Orhanizatsiia ukrainskykh natsionalistiv – Ukrainska povstanska

armiia, the Organisation of the Ukrainian Nationalists - the

Ukrainian Insurgent Army

ROC The Russian Orthodox Church

SVU Spilka vyzvolennia Ukrainy, the League for the Liberation of

Ukraine

UGCC The Ukrainian Greek-Catholic Church

UPA Ukrainska povstanska armiia, the Ukrainian Insurgent Army

USSR The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

List of diagrams

Diagram 1:	Denominational map of present-day Ukraine (number	
	of communities in per cent as for January 1, 2014)	40
Diagram 2:	The Churches of the Kyiv tradition (number of	
	communities as for January 1, 2014)	44